

#### **Annual Postalisation Reconciliation 2023-24**

## **Explanatory Note**

#### December 2024

#### 1.0 Introduction

1.1 The 2023-24 Postalisation Reconciliation process for the Northern Ireland Gas Transmission Network has been completed and was circulated to the Designated Pipeline Operators ("DPOs") by the Postalised System Administrator on 3<sup>rd</sup> December 2024. This explanatory note summarises the Year End Charges and how they have changed from the Forecast Charges. For clarity, it also illustrates how the reconciliation payments are calculated.

### 2.0 Year End Charges

2.1 The following tables compare the actual volumes, capacity and required revenue with the forecast volumes, capacity and required revenue for the period October 2023 to September 2024:

| Table 1                  | Required Revenue (£) |            | Variance   | 9      |
|--------------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|--------|
| Required Revenue         | Forecast             | Actual     | Value      | %      |
| Premier Transmission     | 31,448,600           | 31,600,584 | 151,984    | 0.5%   |
| GNI(UK)                  | 24,309,838           | 24,309,838 | 0          | 0.0%   |
| Belfast Gas Transmission | 13,618,053           | 11,822,150 | -1,795,903 | -13.2% |
| West Transmission        | 10,806,969           | 10,574,904 | -232,065   | -2.1%  |
| Total                    | 80,183,460           | 78,307,476 | -1,875,984 | -2.3%  |
|                          |                      |            |            |        |
| Capacity Charges         | 76,174,287           | 74,392,102 | -1,782,185 | -2.3%  |
| Commodity Charges        | 4,009,173            | 3,915,374  | -93,799    | -2.3%  |

Note: GNI (UK) Forecast and Actual Required Revenue remain unchanged while that of the other three licence holders varies so that in any year actual revenues equal actual expenditure. All value figures in sections 2 and 3 of this explanatory note exclude VAT.

2.2 The aggregated ARR across all TSOs outturned £1,875,984 below FRR.

| Table 2              | System Throughput (kWh) |                | Variance       |         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| System Throughput    | Forecast                | Actual         | Value          | %       |
| Ballylumford Power   | 6,457,608,332           | 4,862,954,722  | -1,594,653,610 | -24.7%  |
| Coolkeeragh Power    | 5,275,800,000           | 5,275,800,000  | 0              | 0.0%    |
| Kilroot Power        | 52,393,518              | 581,489,637    | 529,096,119    | 1009.9% |
| Phoenix Distribution | 4,896,131,271           | 4,313,070,933  | -583,060,338   | -11.9%  |
| Firmus Distribution  | 1,920,785,376           | 1,957,741,422  | 36,956,046     | 1.9%    |
| Evolve Distribution  | 849,279,971             | 805,654,706    | -43,625,265    | -5.1%   |
| Total                | 19,451,998,468          | 17,796,711,420 | -1,655,287,048 | -8.5%   |

Note: the volume of gas on which Coolkeeragh is billed is subject to a ship or pay contract and may therefore be greater than actual throughput as reported in the DPO Quarterly Exit Volumes Report

|                      | System Exit Capacity |            |            |        |
|----------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|--------|
| Table 3              | (kWh per             | Day)       | Variano    | ce     |
| System Exit Capacity | Forecast             | Actual     | Value      | %      |
| Ballylumford Power   | 24,000,000           | 20,916,389 | -3,083,611 | -12.8% |
| Coolkeeragh Power    | 18,766,000           | 18,973,333 | 207,333    | 1.1%   |
| Kilroot Power        | 0                    | 6,130,311  | 6,130,311  | 100.0% |
| Phoenix Distribution | 36,435,536           | 36,435,536 | 0          | 0.0%   |
| Firmus Distribution  | 11,770,000           | 11,770,000 | 0          | 0.0%   |
| Evolve Distribution  | 3,957,324            | 3,500,000  | -457,324   | -11.6% |
| Total                | 94,928,860           | 97,725,569 | 2,796,709  | 2.9%   |

Note: Kilroot began commissioning in March 2024, so therefore did not have the normal ratchet mechanism applied to their Exit Capacity. Commissioning ratchet charges were applied from from March 2024 - May 2024, and then a normal ratchet applied from June 2024 for the remaining months of the gas year. The amount in the table above is the average monthly Exit Capacity across all months of GY23.

| Table 4                | Moffat Ent             | ry Capacity            |              |                 |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| System Entry           |                        |                        | . <i>.</i> . |                 |
| Capacity               | (kWh per Day)          |                        | Variance     |                 |
| by Product<br>Duration | Forecast               | Actual                 | Value        | %               |
| Annual                 | 58,628,000             | 60,649,000             | 2,021,000    | 3.4%            |
| Quarter1               | 0                      | 00,049,000             | 2,021,000    | 0.0%            |
| Quarter 2              | 0                      | 150,000                | 150,000      | 0.0%            |
| Quarter 3              | 0                      | 130,000                | 130,000      | 0.0%            |
| Quarter 4              | 0                      | 0                      | 0            | 0.0%            |
| October                | 570,000                | 0                      | -570,000     | -100.0%         |
| November               | 525,000                | 0                      | -525,000     | -100.0%         |
| December               | -                      | -                      | -323,000     | -100.0%         |
|                        | 1,482,000              | 1,148,000<br>1,734,000 | -334,000     | -22.5%          |
| January<br>February    | 2,788,000<br>2,447,000 | 1,734,000<br>940,000   | -1,507,000   | -57.8%          |
| March                  |                        | 300,000                | -720,000     | -01.6%          |
|                        | 1,020,000<br>670,000   | 150,000                | -520,000     | -70.6%          |
| April<br>May           | 270,000                | 150,000                | -270,000     | -100.0%         |
| June                   | 270,000                | 0                      | -270,000     | -100.0%<br>0.0% |
| July                   | 0                      | 0                      | 0            | 0.0%            |
| August                 | 0                      | 0                      | 0            | 0.0%            |
| September              | 0                      | 0                      | 0            | 0.0%            |
| Daily-October          | 4,438,629              | 11,018                 | -4,427,611   | -99.8%          |
| Daily-November         | 4,438,023<br>7,546,941 | 1,178,402              | -6,368,539   | -84.4%          |
| Daily-December         | 6,795,618              | 1,510,303              | -5,285,315   | -77.8%          |
| Daily-January          | 6,681,192              | 4,207,085              | -2,474,107   | -37.0%          |
| Daily-February         | 7,234,891              | 1,582,074              | -5,652,818   | -78.1%          |
| Daily-March            | 6,719,364              | 661,902                | -6,057,463   | -90.1%          |
| Daily-April            | 3,729,719              | 332,101                | -3,397,618   | -91.1%          |
| Daily-May              | 4,218,199              | 209,713                | -4,008,486   | -95.0%          |
| Daily-June             | 4,924,256              | 427,965                | -4,496,291   | -91.3%          |
| Daily-July             | 4,925,367              | 2,144,759              | -2,780,608   | -56.5%          |
| Daily-August           | 7,477,966              | 2,381,809              | -5,096,157   | -68.1%          |
| Daily-September        | 2,738,886              | 96,667                 | -2,642,220   | -96.5%          |

2.3 The effect on revenues of the variation between forecast and actual capacity/volumes was as follows:

| Table 5         | Revenue Collection (£) |            | Varianc    | е      |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------|------------|--------|
| Revenue         | Forecast               | Actual     | Value      | %      |
| Annual Exit     | 41,497,202             | 42,719,755 | 1,222,553  | 2.9%   |
| Annual Entry    | 25,628,644             | 26,512,104 | 883,460    | 3.4%   |
| Quarterly Entry | 0                      | 52,910     | 52,910     | 0.0%   |
| Monthly Entry   | 1,054,562              | 494,644    | -559,917   | -53.1% |
| Daily Entry     | 7,997,384              | 2,142,321  | -5,855,063 | -73.2% |
| VRF             | 0                      | 1          | 1          | 100.0% |
| Total Capacity  | 76,177,791             | 71,921,734 | -4,256,057 | -5.6%  |
|                 |                        |            |            |        |
| Commodity       | 4,009,057              | 3,667,902  | -341,155   | -8.5%  |
|                 |                        |            |            |        |
| Total Revenue   | 80,186,848             | 75,589,636 | -4,597,211 | -5.7%  |

Note: Forecast collected revenues do not match Forecast Revenue Requirement in Table 1. This is because actual transmission charges as applied in practice are limited to the 5<sup>th</sup> decimal place. Note: All value figures in sections 2 and 3 of the explanatory note exclude VAT.

- 2.4 As detailed in Table 5, the revenue under-collection was mainly due to significantly lower than forecast daily entry capacity bookings in the Winter months, with smaller contributions from lower than forecast monthly entry capacity and exit commodity. These under recoveries were offset by the over recoveries in annual entry and exit capacity.
- 2.5 The deviations in Required Revenue and Collected Revenue when combined equate to the total value of Postalised Revenue that will be collected from Shippers in the reconciliation.

| Table 6The deviations in Required Revenueand Collected Revenue whencombined equate to the total value ofPostalised Revenue that will bereturned to network users in thereconciliation. |            |
|--|------------|
| Bullet Payment Calculation   | (£)        |
| Forecast Revenue Required  | 80,183,460 |
| Actual Revenue Requirement   | 78,307,476 |
| Deviation in Revenue Requirement   | -1,875,984 |
| Forecast Revenue Collection  | 80,186,848 |
| Actual Revenue Collection  | 75,589,636 |
| Deviation in Revenue Collection  | -4,597,211 |
| Deviation in FRR and Forecast Collection   | 3,388      |
| Bullet Payment from Shippers   | -2,717,840 |
| Postalised Tariff Adjustment   | 3.60%      |

Note: The bullet payment from Shippers figure in Table 6 excludes revenue from entry over-run charges which is dealt with separately as set out in section 4 below.

Note: Deviation in FRR and Revenue Collection is a result of the fact transmission charges used for invoicing during the gas year are limited to the 5<sup>th</sup> decimal place.

2.6 The adjustment to the Postalised Tariff is not uniform however and affects commodity and capacity charges separately. This maintains the pre-determined split between commodity and capacity-based revenues.

| Table 7<br>Postalised Tariff | Collected Revenue (£) |            | Adjustment |       |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|-------|
| Adjustment                   | Required Actual       |            | Value      | %     |
| Capacity Charges             | 74,392,102            | 71,921,734 | 2,470,368  | 3.43% |
| Commodity Charges            | 3,915,374             | 3,667,902  | 247,472    | 6.75% |
| Total                        | 78,307,476            | 75,589,636 | -2,717,840 | 3.60% |

| Table 8                             |                  | Postalised Tariffs |         |       |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------|-------|
| Forecast & Actual Postalised Tariff |                  | Forecast           | Actual  | %     |
| Annual Exit / Entry Capacity        | £/kWh/day booked | 0.43714            | 0.45216 | 3.44% |
| Commodity                           | p/kWh            | 0.02061            | 0.02200 | 6.74% |

Note: For the purposes of the reconciliation payment calculations no limit is placed on the number of decimal places to which final tariffs are calculated

### **3.0 Reconciliation Payments**

3.1 It should be noted that the figures used in this section are simply to illustrate the calculation of a reconciliation payment and are not based on any particular shipper. Each Gas Supplier's reconciliation payment is calculated according to the following formula as set out in condition 2A.2.6.3 of the standard licence conditions:

Commodity Reconciliation = (Year End Commodity Tariff - Forecast Commodity Tariff)

\* Gas Supplier Annual Exit Quantity

Capacity Reconciliation = (Year End Capacity Tariff - Forecast Capacity Tariff)

\* Gas Supplier Firm Capacity

3.2 The payment is due from a Gas Supplier if the figure is positive and owed to a Gas Supplier if the figure is negative. The table below provides a worked example of these calculations.

|                          | Exit          | Annual Capacity Booking |           |
|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Table 9                  | Volume        | Entry Exit              |           |
| Worked Example           | (kWh)         | (peak day kWh per day)  |           |
| Volume kWh               | 2,000,000,000 | 3,000,000               | 2,000,000 |
| Forecast Tariff          | 0.0002061     | 0.43714                 | 0.43714   |
| Actual Tariff            | 0.0002200     | 0.45216                 | 0.45216   |
| Adjustment               | 0.0000139     | 0.01502                 | 0.01502   |
| Gas Supplier Payment (£) | 27,800        | 45,060                  | 30,040    |

# 4.0 Entry Over-Run Charges

4.1 Each year additional revenues are collected from network users in entry overrun charges. The revenue from these over-run charges is returned to network users and included in the reconciliation payment. The payment to an individual network user of these over-run revenues is in proportion to their contribution to the total licence invoice amounts for all Shippers (including VAT). Overrun Charges collected in GY23 were £24,404.

| Table 10                          | Aggregate  | Indicative Shipper A |       |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-------|
| Entry Over Run                    | Value (£)  | lue (£) Value (£) %  |       |
| Licence Invoice Revenue (inc VAT) | 86,290,964 | 5,000,000            | 5.79% |
| Over Run Charges (ex VAT)         | 24,404     | 1,414                | 5.79% |